# Texting versus Videochat: Effects on Confidence and Performance



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## VIRTUAL PSYCHONOMICS

### Introduction

- **Communicative Media:** People use a mix of communication media to interact with each other: text, audio-only, audiovisual
- Media Richness Theory: Each medium can be placed on a continuum and rated from lean to rich (Daft & Lengel, 1986)
- The Hyperpersonal Model: Textbased media may unexpectedly cultivate more intimate relationships than audiovisual (Walther, 1996)
- Modality Switching: How does the way people first interact affect future work performance and feelings about their addresses?

### Methods

- Independent Variables
  - Video Chat First
  - Messaging First
- Anagram Task

1. ABOLISHED \*

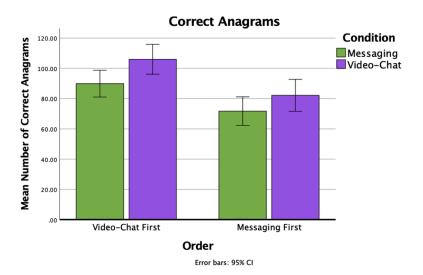
Long answer text

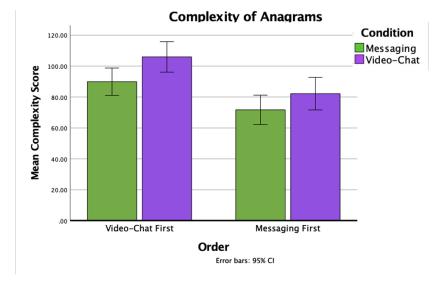
#### • Dependent Measures

- Correct Anagrams
- Anagram Complexity Score
- Confidence, Naturalness, Personal Ratings

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### Results

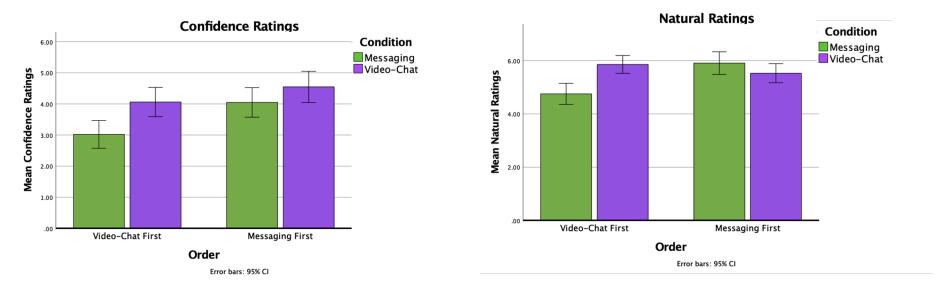






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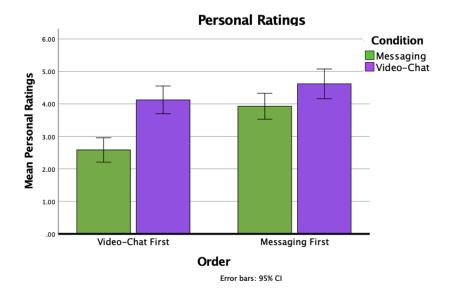
### Results







#### Results



### Discussion

- Video chat interactions resulted in better performance on the anagram task than text communication.
- Confidence in having found all possible anagrams and natural and personal ratings were higher in initial messaging interactions.
- Switching from messaging to video chat increased ratings, but switching from video chat to messaging decreased ratings.
- While initial interactions may have shown a hyperpersonal effect, any such effect was short-lived.
- Having cues was beneficial for performance, confidence and personal ratings.

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